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SADIQ PUBLIC SCHOOL

SYLLABUS

	nic Session: 2021-2022 Recommended: biology	fourth edition by Tailor Green Staurt
Books F	Recommended:biology	fourth adition by Tailor Green Staurt
		Tourth edition by Tallor Green Staurt
		Details of Syllabus
S. No.	Chapter/Topic	Description
1-	L-Energy and respiration	ATP energy currency, stages of aerobic respiration, anaerobic respiration, process of ATP synthesis effects of respiration by investigation
2-	M-Photosynthesis	Photosynthesis as an energy transfer process, investigations of limiting factors, adaptations for photosynthesis
3-	N-Homeostasis	Feedback mechanismstructure of kidney and nephron, role of ADH
4-	O-Control and coordination	Nervous and endocrine systemsliding filament model, role of hormones, FSH, LH
5-	P-Inherited change	Gene and allele, their role in determining phenotype, monohybrid and di hybrid cross, structural and regulatory genes
6-	Q-Selection and evolution	Difference between continuous and discontinuous variation, natural and artificial selection, hardy Weinberg principle, mechanism of evolution
7-	R-Biodiversity classification and conservation	Specie, ecosystem, niche, importance of random, sampling, taxonomic hierarchy, aquatic and terrestrial system
8-	S-Genetic technology	Recombinant DNA, principles of PCR, role of restriction and endonucleases, genome sequencing, bioinformatics, advantages of producing human proteins, treatment of genetic disease by gene therapy, significance of genetic engineering in improving the quality and yield.



Sadiq Public School

Syllabus

Class: H2	Subject:	CHEMISTRY
Academic Session: 2021-22		
Books Recommended: AS A LEVEL CHEMISTRY COURSEBOOK BY		
LAWRIE RYAN AND ROGER NORRIS		

Details of Syllabus CIE 9701/2022-24

S. No.	Chapter/Topic	Description
	23.1 Lattice energy and Born- Haber cycles	1 define and use the terms: (a) enthalpy change of atomisation, Δ <i>H</i> at (b) lattice energy, Δ <i>H</i> latt (the change from gas phase ions to solid lattice) 2 (a) define and use the term first electron affinity, EA (b) explain the factors affecting the electron affinities of elements (c) describe and explain the trends in the electron affinities of the Group 16 and Group 17 elements 3 construct and use Born–Haber cycles for ionic solids (limited to +1 and +2 cations, –1 and –2 anions) 4 carry out calculations involving Born–Haber cycles 5 explain, in qualitative terms, the effect of ionic charge and of ionic radius on the numerical magnitude of a lattice energy
	23.2 Enthalpies of solution and hydration 23.4 Gibbs free energy change, ΔG	1 define and use the term enthalpy change with reference to hydration, $\Delta Hhyd$, and solution, $\Delta Hsol$ 2 construct and use an energy cycle involving enthalpy change of solution, lattice energy and enthalpy change of hydration 3 carry out calculations involving the energy cycles in 23.2.2 4 explain, in qualitative terms, the effect of ionic charge and of ionic radius on the numerical magnitude of an enthalpy change of hydration 1 state and use the Gibbs equation $\Delta G \ominus = \Delta H \ominus - T\Delta S \ominus$ 2 perform calculations using the equation $\Delta G \ominus = \Delta H \ominus - T\Delta S \ominus$ 3 state whether a reaction or process will be feasible by using the sign of ΔG 4 predict the effect of temperature change on the feasibility of a reaction, given standard enthalpy and entropy changes
	24.1 Electrolysis 24.2 Standard electrode potentials $E \ominus$; standard cell potentials $E \ominus$ cell and the Nernst equation 24.2 Standard electrode potentials $E \ominus$; standard cell potentials $E \ominus$ cell and the Nernst equation (continued)	1 predict the identities of substances liberated during electrolysis from the state of electrolyte (molten or aqueous), position in the redox series (electrode potential) and concentration 2 state and apply the relationship <i>F</i> = <i>Le</i> between the Faraday constant, <i>F</i> , the Avogadro constant, <i>L</i> , and the charge on the electron, <i>e</i> 3 calculate: (a) the quantity of charge passed during electrolysis, using Q = It (b) the mass and/or volume of substance liberated during electrolysis 4 describe the determination of a value of the Avogadro constant by an electrolytic method 1 define the terms: (a) standard electrode (reduction) potential (b) standard cell potential 2 describe the standard hydrogen electrode 3 describe methods used to measure the standard electrode potentials of:

 (a) metals or non-metals in contact with their ions in aqueous solution (b) ions of the same element in different oxidation states 4 calculate a standard cell potential by combining two standard electropotentials 5 use standard cell potentials to: (a) deduce the polarity of each electrode and hence explain/deduce the direction of electron flow in the external circuit of a simple cell (b) predict the feasibility of a reaction 6 deduce from E values the relative reactivity of elements, compourand ions as oxidising agents or as reducing agents 	rode ne unds
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5 use standard cell potentials to: (a) deduce the polarity of each electrode and hence explain/deduce the direction of electron flow in the external circuit of a simple cell (b) predict the feasibility of a reaction 6 deduce from $E \ominus$ values the relative reactivity of elements, compound and ions as oxidising agents or as	ınds
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and ions as oxidising agents or as	
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	ios
7 construct redox equations using the relevant half-equations	ioc
8 predict qualitatively how the value of an electrode potential, <i>E</i> , variables	
with the concentrations of the	ics
aqueous ions	1
9 use the Nernst equation, e.g. $E = E \ominus + (0.059/z) \log$ [oxidised species	es]
[reduced species]	
to predict quantitatively how the value of an electrode potential varie	es with
the concentrations of the	
aqueous ions; examples include Cu2+(aq) + 2e \Rightarrow Cu(s), Fe3+(aq) + e-	- ⇌
Fe2+(aq)	
10 understand and use the equation $\Delta G \ominus = -nE \ominus$	
cell F	
1 understand and use the terms conjugate acid and conjugate base	
2 define conjugate acid–base pairs, identifying such pairs in reactions	3
3 define mathematically the terms pH, Ka, pKa and Kw and use them	
calculations (<i>K</i> b and the equation	
$Kw = Ka \times Kb$ will not be tested)	
4 calculate [H+(aq)] and pH values for:	
(a) strong acids	
(b) strong alkalis	
(c) weak acids	
5 (a) define a buffer solution	
(b) explain how a buffer solution can be made	
(c) explain how buffer solutions control pH; use chemical equations i	n these
explanations	
(d) describe and explain the uses of buffer solutions, including the ro	le of
HCO3	
25.1 Acids and bases – in controlling pH in blood	
25.2 Partition coefficients 6 calculate the pH of buffer solutions, given appropriate data	
7 understand and use the term solubility product, Ksp	
8 write an expression for <i>Ksp</i>	
9 calculate <i>K</i> sp from concentrations and vice versa	
10 (a) understand and use the common ion effect to explain the differ	rent
solubility of a compound in a	CIT
solution containing a common ion	
	mon
(b) perform calculations using Ksp values and concentration of a com	шин
ion	
1 state what is meant by the term partition coefficient, Kpc	, ,
2 calculate and use a partition coefficient for a system in which the so	olute is
in the same physical state in the	
two solvents	
3 understand the factors affecting the numerical value of a partition	
coefficient in terms of the polarities of	
the solute and the solvents used	
26.1 Simple rate equations, orders 1 explain and use the terms rate equation, order of reaction, overall o	rder of
of reaction and rate constants reaction, rate constant, half-life,	
rate-determining step and intermediate	
2 (a) understand and use rate equations of the form rate = k [A] m [B] n	(for
z(a) understand and use rate equations of the form rate – $k[A]m[D]n$	(101

5. No.	Chapter/Topic	Description
	26.2 Homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysts	which <i>m</i> and <i>n</i> are 0, 1 or 2) (b) deduce the order of a reaction from concentration-time graphs or from experimental data relating to the initial rates method and half-life method (c) interpret experimental data in graphical form, including concentration-time and rate-concentration graphs (d) calculate an initial rate using concentration data (e) construct a rate equation 3 (a) show understanding that the half-life of a first-order reaction is independent of concentration (b) use the half-life of a first-order reaction in calculations 4 calculate the numerical value of a rate constant, for example by: (a) using the initial rates and the rate equation (b) using the half-life, t1/2, and the equation <i>k</i> = 0.693/t1/2 5 for a multi-step reaction: (a) suggest a reaction mechanism that is consistent with the rate equation and the equation for the overall reaction (b) predict the order that would result from a given reaction mechanism and rate-determining step (c) deduce a rate equation using a given reaction mechanism and rate-determining step for a given reaction (d) identify an intermediate or catalyst from a given reaction mechanism 6 describe qualitatively the effect of temperature change on the rate constant and hence the rate of a reaction 1 explain that catalysts can be homogeneous or heterogeneous 2 describe the mode of action of a heterogeneous catalyst to include adsorption of reactants, bond weakening and desorption of products, for example: (a) iron in the Haber process (b) palladium, platinum and rhodium in the catalytic removal of oxides of nitrogen from the exhaust gases of car engines 3 describe the mode of action of a homogeneous catalyst by being used in one step and reformed in a later step, for example: (a) atmospheric oxides of nitrogen in the oxidation of atmospheric sulfur dioxide (b) Fe2+ or Fe3+ in the I-/S2O8 2- reaction
	Group 2 27.1 Similarities and trends in the properties of the Group 2 metals, magnesium to barium, and their compounds	1 describe and explain qualitatively the trend in the thermal stability of the nitrates and carbonates including the effect of ionic radius on the polarisation of the large anion 2 describe and explain qualitatively the variation in solubility and of enthalpy change of solution, $\Delta H \ominus$ sol, of the hydroxides and sulfates in terms of relative magnitudes of the enthalpy change of hydration and the lattice energy
	Chemistry of transition elements 28.1 General physical and chemical properties of the first row of transition elements, titanium to copper	1 define a transition element as a d-block element which forms one or more stable ions with incomplete d orbitals 2 sketch the shape of a 3dxy orbital and 3dz2 orbital 3 understand that transition elements have the following properties: (a) they have variable oxidation states (b) they behave as catalysts (c) they form complex ions

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28.2 General characteristic chemical properties of the first set of transition elements, titanium to copper 28.4 Stereoisomerism in transition element complexes	(d) they form coloured compounds 4 explain why transition elements have variable oxidation states in terms of the similarity in energy of the 3d and the 4s sub-shells 5 explain why transition elements behave as catalysts in terms of having more than one stable oxidation state, and vacant d orbitals that are energetically accessible and can form dative bonds with ligands 6 explain why transition elements form complex ions in terms of vacant d orbitals that are energetically Accessible 1 describe and explain the reactions of transition elements with ligands to form complexes, including the complexes of copper(II) and cobalt(II) ions with water and ammonia molecules and hydroxide and chloride ions 2 define the term ligand as a species that contains a lone pair of electrons that forms a dative covalent bond to a central metal atom / ion 3 understand and use the terms (a) monodentate ligand including as examples H2O, NH3, Cl − and CN− (b) bidentate ligand including as examples 1,2-diaminoethane, en, H2NCH2CH2NH2 and the ethanedioate ion, C2O4 2− (c) polydentate ligand including as an example EDTA4− 4 define the term complex as a molecule or ion formed by a central metal atom / ion surrounded by one or more ligands 5 describe the geometry (shape and bond angles) of transition element complexes which are linear, square planar, tetrahedral or octahedral 6 (a) state what is meant by coordination number (b) predict the formula and charge of a complex ion, given the metal ion, its charge or oxidation state, the ligand and its coordination number or geometry 7 explain qualitatively that ligand exchange can occur, including the complexes of copper(II) ions and cobalt(II) ions with water and ammonia molecules and hydroxide and chloride ions 8 predict, using E⊖ values, the feasibility of redox reactions involving transition elements and their ions 9 describe the reactions of, and perform calculations involving: (a) MnO4−/ C2O4
	(a) MnO4- / C2O4 2- in acid solution given suitable data (b) MnO4- / Fe2+ in acid solution given suitable data (c) Cu2+ / I- given suitable data 10 perform calculations involving other redox systems given suitable data
Organic chemistry 29 An introduction to A Level organic	29.1 Formulae, functional groups and the naming of organic compounds 29.2 Characteristic organic reactions 29.3 Shapes of aromatic organic molecules; σ and π bonds 29.4 Isomerism: optical
30 Hydrocarbons	30.1 Arenes
31 Halogen compounds 32 Hydroxy compounds 33 Carboxylic acids and derivatives	31.1 Halogen compounds 32.1 Alcohols 32.2 Phenol 33.1 Carboxylic acids

	33.2 Esters
	33.3 Acyl chlorides
	34.1 Primary and secondary amines
Nitrogen compounds	34.2 Phenylamine and azo compounds 34.3 Amides 34.4 Amino acids
Polymerisation	35.1 Condensation polymerization 35.2 Predicting the type of
36 Organic synthesis	polymerization 35.3 Degradable polymers
	36.1 Organic synthesis
	Thin-layer chromatography 37.2 Gas / liquid chromatography
37 Analytical techniques	37.3 Carbon-13 NMR spectroscopy
	37.4 Proton (1H) NMR spectroscopy

FM	FM	
Subject Teacher	Head of Department	Headmaster/Headmistress



Class:	H2	Subject: <u>Business</u>			
Acader	nic Session: 2021-2022				
Book Re	Book Recommended: BUSINESS BY PETER STIMPSON & ALASTAIR FARQUHARSON (3rd Edition)				
		Details of Syllabus			
S. No.	Chapter/Topic	Description			
1	Business and its environment	Business Structure, Size of business, External influences on business activity, External economic influences on business activity			
2	People in organizations	Further human resource management, Organization structure, Business Communication			
3	Marketing	Marketing planning, Globalization and International marketing			
4	Operations Management	Capacity Utilization, Lean production and quality management, Project Management			
5	Finance	Costs, Budgets, Contents of published accounts, Analysis of published accounts, Investment Appraisal			
6	Strategic Management	What is Strategic management, Strategic Analysis, Strategic Choice, Strategic Implementation			
Subject Teacher Head of Department Headmistress					



Class:	<u>H2</u>	Subject: <u>Economics</u>			
Academic Session: 2021-2022 Books Recommended: Colin Bamford and Susan Grant Cambridge International AS and A level					
		Details of Syllabus			
S. No.	Chapter/Topic	Description			
1	Unit 6	Basic economic ideas and resource allocation			
2	Unit 7	The price system and the micro economy			
3	Unit 8	Government microeconomic intervention			
4	Unit 9	The macro economy			
5	Unit 10	Government macro intervention			
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Subject	Teacher	Head of Department Headmaster/Headmistress			



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Sadiq Public School Syllabus

Class: H2	Subject: <u>Mathematics</u>	
Academic Session: 2021	2022	
Books Recommended:	Pure Math 2 & 3 by Sue Pemberton, Julianne Hughes	
Adv	nce Level Statistics by Steve Doobs, Jane Miller and Julian Gilbey	

Details of Syllabus

S. No.	Chapter/Topic	Description
01	Chapter # 01	Algebra
02	Chapter # 02	Exponential & Logarithmic Function
03	Chapter # 03	Trigonometry
04	Chapter # 04	Differentiation
05	Chapter # 05	Integration
06	Chapter # 06	Numerical Solution of equations
07	Chapter # 07	Further Algebra
08	Chapter # 08	Further Calculus
09	Chapter # 09	Vectors
10	Chapter # 10	Differential Equation
11	Chapter # 11	Complex Number
		Statistics
01	Chapter # 01	Representation Of Data
02	Chapter # 02	Measure of Location

S. No.	Chapter/Topic	Description
03	Chapter # 03	Measure of Spread
04	Chapter # 04	Probability
05	Chapter # 05	Permutation and Combination
06	Chapter # 06	Probability Distribution
07	Chapter # 07	The Binomial Distribution
08	Chapter # 08	Expectation and Variance of a random variable
09	Chapter # 09	The Normal Distribution

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Subject Teacher	Head of Department	Headmaster/Headmistress



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SYLLABUS

Revision No: 01 Revision Date: 22-07-2009

Class: H2		Subject: <u>Physics</u>
Academic Session:	2021-2022	
Books Recommended	Pacific Physics A-level volume I and II	
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Details of Syllabus

S. No.	Chapter/Topic	Description
01	Motion in a circle	Angular velocity, Radian, centripetal acceleration, centripetal force
02	Gravitational Fields	Newton's law of gravitation, gravitational field strength, gravitational potential
03	temperature	empirical and thermodynamic scale of temperature
04	ideal gas	kinetic theory of gases, ideal gas equation
05	Thermodynamics	specific heat capacity, specific latent heat of fusion/vaporization, 1 st law of thermodynamics
06	Oscillations	simple harmonic motion, damping, energy in simple harmonic motion.
07	electric field	frequency and amplitude modulation, attenuation of signal
08	capacitance	series and parallel combination of capacitor, energy stored in a capacitor
09	magnetic field	principal of magnet, magnetic field due to current, laws of induction, generator
10	alternating current	root mean square values, rectification, smoothing
11	Quantum physics	photo electric effect, dual nature of light, Energy levels in atoms and line spectra
12	Nuclear physics	nuclear binding energy radioactivity, radioactive decay.
13	Medical physics	Production and use of ultrasound, Production and use of X-rays, PET scanning
14	Astronomy and cosmology	Luminosity, radiant flux intensity, Wien's displacement law, emission spectra, Hubble's law.

Subject Teacher	Head of Department	Headmaster/Headmistress



Sadiq Public School

Syllabus

Class: _	H2	Subject: Computer Science
Academ	ic Session: 2	021-2022
Books R	ecommended:	Cambridge International AS & A Level Computer Science by David Watson and
		Helen Williams

Details of Syllabus

S. No.	Chapter/Topic	Description
1	Chapter 13	Data Representation
2	Chapter 14	Communication and Internet Technologies
3	Chapter 15	Hardware
4	Chapter 16	System Software and Virtual Machines
5	Chapter 17	Security
6	Chapter 18	Artificial Intelligence (AI)
7	Chapter 19	Computational Thinking and Problem Solving
8	Chapter 20	Further Programming

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Subject Teacher	Head of Department	Headmaster/Headmistress



Class: H2	Subject: Accounting
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Academic Session: 2021-2022

Books Recommended: International AS & A Level Accounting by David Hopkins and Harold Randall (2nd Ed).

Details of Syllabus S. Chapter/Topic Description No. 1 Ch. No. 20 Manufacturing accounts 2 Ch No. 21 Not-for profit organizations 3 Ch. No. 22 Published company accounts 4 Ch. No. 23 Statement of cash flows 5 Ch. No. 24 Business purchase and mergers 6 Ch No. 25 Consignment and joint venture accounts 7 Ch. No. 26 Computerized accounting systems 8 Ch. No. 27 Ratio analysis (A-Levels only) Ch. No. 31 9 Activity-based costing Ch. No. 32 Budgeting and budgetary control 10 Ch. No. 33 Standard costing 11 12 Ch. No. 34 Investment appraisal 13

GY/MQL		
Subject Teacher	Head of Department	Headmaster/Headmistress



Class:	H2A/H2G	Subject: <u>LAW</u>	
Acade	mic Session: <u>2021-2022</u>		
Books Recommended:		As and A level law by Hodder Education	
		Details of Syllabus	
S. No.	Chapter/Topic	Description	
1.	Elements of Contract	Offer, Acceptance, Intention, Capacity and Consideration	
2.	Terms of Contract	Types of terms, Status of terms and Exemption clauses	
3.	Vitiating Factors	Misrepresentation and Mistake	
4.	Remedies	Common Law and Equitable remedies	
5.	Duty of Care	Imposition of duty, breach of duty, causation, pure economic loss and nervous shock	
6.	OLA	Occupiers liability towards visitors and trespassers	
7.	Trespass	Trespass to land and person	
8.	Nuisance	Private nuisance and law on R v F	
9.	Vicarious liability	Employment relations	
10.	Defences	General defences under Tort	
		/	
Subject	Teacher	Head of Department Headmaster/Headmistress	



Class: H2 Subject: Sociolo			
Acade	emic Session: <u>2021-2022</u>	<u> </u>	
Books	s Recommended: Cambridge	e International AS and A Level Soci	ology Course book by Chris Livesey.
		Details of Syllabus	
S. No.	Chapter/Topic		Description
1.	Education	defined and measured, Di	perspective, How intelligence is ifferent perspectives on intelligence nent, Power and control in modernity
2.	Global Development	development, Different th	lity, Population growth and leories of development, The ultural dimensions of Globalization.
3.	Media	Sociological perspective o the media, Modernist and	n media, Ownership and control of Postmodernist perspective on the sequences and research of mass
4.	Religion		
Subject Teacher		Head of Department	Headmaster/Headmistress